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MORNING APPEAL

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Platform and Resolutions of the

Nevada.

PLATF. AND RES. OF THE SILVER PARTY OF NEVADA.

The Silver Party of Nevada in convention assembled at Carson City, on the 4th day of September, 1894, declare that platinums should assert certain principles of political faith and moral questions of political interest and present moment without regard to elevation. We hold that they have demonstrated that these principles are right and equitable and their observance necessary to secure the welfare and individual happiness throughout this Government was established.

SILVER.

We deny the right or authority of the Government of the United States to pass any law restricting or abridging the privilege of a citizen to the free coinage of silver into standard money at the legal ratio of 16 to 1, independent of any other nation, and we demand the repeal of all laws denying or abridging that right.

We assert that any law denying or abridges the right of free coinage of gold and silver into standard money at the legal ratio of 16 to 1, independent of all other nations, is a denial of the sovereignty of the people of the United States as a nation, its dependent states, and law in restraint of a right of property or abridging that right.

We assert that from 1861 to 1894 less than a period of 33 years past, the Democratic party and the Republican party have made and administered the laws of this nation; and that period has been characterized by uninterrupted bountiful harvests and bountiful promotions in all our great natural resources, and our people have made unparalleled advances in still, in every branch of manufacture and agriculture; that the period has been one of war, health and wealth standing the civil war, a period of unparalleled prosperity from 1861 to 1873. In 1873 the Republican party passed laws in restraint of the coinage of money, denying money to silver, the money was held in the pocket of every citizen and till of every store. The dependence of silver has been steady, gradual and unrelenting as the grip of the gold standard of money has closed around our industries and labor and the price of every production of labor, by forest, field, mine and manufacture, have fallen parallel with the decadence of silver, which today is worth less than 50 per cent of its standard coining value at the legal ratio of 16 to 1.

Three millions of our people are without the comforts and decencies of life, every industry in our nation is restrained, pinched and

dictated by the demonetization of silver, the great injury of every laborer, user and tradesman in the nation.

The volume of money in circulation should be easily increased and always be fully adequate for the requirements of business. That all money should be a legal tender for debts both public and private. That no money should exist except such issued directly by the National Government and nothing should be money but gold, silver and Government paper.

We favor the redemption of Government bonds and the prohibition of any further issue thereof in time of peace.

We demand the abolition of National banks.

We demand the collection of the indebtedness of the Pacific railway companies to the United States at par with at any extension of time or change of terms, and collect due.

A party only is a party based upon a party standard proposed which has once visited the earth. Every citizen should contribute to the support of the Government in proportion to his means and in accordance with the reality of good government, but no Government is fit enough that it can interfere with its independence by unnecessary needless intercessions, rendering the less exacting, or by failing to promptly collect what is justly due, whether it be a loan, a tax or a tariff.

No grant should be made of public property for any other than a public purpose, and it is the duty of the Government to secure to the public the enjoyment of the benefit which was the consideration of the grant or declare it forfeited.

We demand Government ownership of the grange lines and Government subsidized railroads.

LABOR.

We demand that no law shall be enacted restraining or abridging the use of our resources of our natural resources and we guarantee to the people freedom of pursuit and the freedom of thought and labor proposed. We hold that one of the trademarks of human existence and modern progress, is the ownership of capital, and in our small government in the United States, a trust, bank and insurance company, and of those who own ownership. The above we claim as a right and never should be denied principally because before the law, and that the above should always be held in consideration for a just day's work should be honored and law never be legal and unjustly abridged to injure the natural producer or protection and self-sacrifice.

We believe that a national and State Board of Labor Commissioners should be created by popular election by the people, without all questions in dispute between capital and labor should be referred and that no person concerned be compelled to arbitrate and that the decision of such Board of Labor Commissioners be final and binding alike on the employer and employee.

OBLIGATION TO THE LAWS ENFORCED BY ALL.

We denounce the criminal suspicion of the laws of Congress by the President, such as the increasing clause of the Sherman Bullion Purchasing Act; the Geary Act, providing for the deportation of unregistered Chinese, when its constitutionality has been affirmed by the Supreme court, and his neglect and refusal to enforce the Anti Trust and Interstate Commerce Acts against wealthy offenders.

ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

WE demand the endorsement of patriotic citizens of our State that no large stores, etc., on

or elsewhere, evading and evading the harbor, rivers of the coast states and the mountainous states of the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, equally and justice demands similar appropriations for public uses in the arid region, and that we call on the General Government or liberal appropriations for storing and conserving at their source the waters of the streams and rivers of the arid region. This being done, the collection of all funds can be conducted by the State or by private enterprise.

LOTTERIES.

The establishment of a lottery in this State would be a blot upon the people and would result in financial and moral degradation. Therefore, in the language of our constitution, "No lottery ticket shall be authorized by this State, nor shall the sale of lottery tickets be allowed." We condemn it equally in all its parts of the State while we have an opportunity to legislate authorizing lotteries at the sale of lottery tickets.

We are uniformly opposed to the ratification of the proposed amendment to section 1, Article II of the constitution of our State where it legalizes questions of secession to be as we alter, as the state of eighteen years ago, as against the United States government, for the reason that the state is not American to itself and certainly to the elements already extended to said persons for over the years, so as to make it difficult for the various State to vote 2/3 in this proposition.

STATE CONVENTION.

We are deeply grieved over the political and party standard proposed which has once visited the earth. Every citizen should contribute to the support of the Government in proportion to his means and in accordance with the reality of good government, but no Government is fit enough that it can interfere with its independence by unnecessary needless intercessions, rendering the less exacting, or by failing to promptly collect what is justly due, whether it be a loan, a tax or a tariff.

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